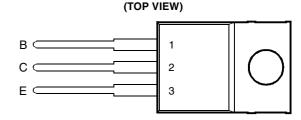
BOURNS®

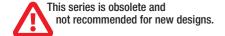
- Designed for Complementary Use with BD645, BD647, BD649 and BD651
- 62.5 W at 25°C Case Temperature
- 8 A Continuous Collector Current
- Minimum h_{FE} of 750 at 3V, 3 A



TO-220 PACKAGE



MDTRACA



absolute maximum ratings at 25°C case temperature (unless otherwise noted)

RATING		SYMBOL	VALUE	UNIT	
	BD646		-80		
Collector-base voltage (I _E = 0)	BD648	V	-100	V	
	BD650	V _{СВО}	-120		
	BD652		-140		
Collector-emitter voltage (I _B = 0)	BD646		-60		
	BD648	V _{CEO}	-80	V	
	BD650		-100		
	BD652		-120		
Emitter-base voltage		V _{EBO}	-5	V	
Continuous collector current		I _C	-8	Α	
Peak collector current (see Note 1)			-12	Α	
Continuous base current			-0.3	Α	
Continuous device dissipation at (or below) 25°C case temperature (see Note 2)			62.5	W	
Continuous device dissipation at (or below) 25°C free air temperature (see Note	3)	P_{tot}	2	W	
Unclamped inductive load energy (see Note 4)		½Ll _C ²	50	mJ	
Operating junction temperature range		T _j	-65 to +150	°C	
Storage temperature range		T _{stg}	-65 to +150	°C	
Lead temperature 3.2 mm from case for 10 seconds		T_L	260	°C	

NOTES: 1. This value applies for $t_p \le 0.3$ ms, duty cycle $\le 10\%$.

- 2. Derate linearly to 150° C case temperature at the rate of 0.4 W/° C.
- 3. Derate linearly to 150°C free air temperature at the rate of 16 mW/°C.
- 4. This rating is based on the capability of the transistor to operate safely in a circuit of: L = 20 mH, $I_{B(on)}$ = -5 mA, R_{BE} = 100 Ω , $V_{BE(off)}$ = 0, R_S = 0.1 Ω , V_{CC} = -20 V.



electrical characteristics at 25°C case temperature (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER		TEST C	ONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
V _{(BR)CEO}	Collector-emitter breakdown voltage	I _C = -30 mA	I _B = 0	(see Note 5)	BD646 BD648 BD650 BD652	-60 -80 -100 -120			٧
I _{CEO}	Collector-emitter cut-off current	$V_{CE} = -30 \text{ V}$ $V_{CE} = -40 \text{ V}$ $V_{CE} = -50 \text{ V}$ $V_{CE} = -60 \text{ V}$	$I_{B} = 0$ $I_{B} = 0$ $I_{B} = 0$ $I_{B} = 0$		BD646 BD648 BD650 BD652			-0.5 -0.5 -0.5 -0.5	mA
Ісво	Collector cut-off current	$V_{CB} = -100 \text{ V}$ $V_{CB} = -120 \text{ V}$ $V_{CB} = -40 \text{ V}$ $V_{CB} = -50 \text{ V}$	$I_{E} = 0$	$T_{C} = 150^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_{C} = 150^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_{C} = 150^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_{C} = 150^{\circ}\text{C}$	BD646 BD648 BD650 BD652 BD646 BD648 BD650 BD652			-0.2 -0.2 -0.2 -0.2 -2.0 -2.0 -2.0 -2.0	mA
I _{EBO}	Emitter cut-off current	V _{EB} = -5 V	I _C = 0	(see Notes 5 and 6)				-5	mA
h _{FE}	Forward current transfer ratio	V _{CE} = -3 V	$I_C = -3 A$	(see Notes 5 and 6)		750			l
V _{CE(sat)}	Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$I_{B} = -12 \text{ mA}$ $I_{B} = -50 \text{ mA}$	$I_C = -3 A$ $I_C = -5 A$	(see Notes 5 and 6)				-2 -2.5	V
V _{BE(sat)}	Base-emitter saturation voltage	I _B = -50 mA	I _C = -5 A	(see Notes 5 and 6)				-3	V
V _{BE(on)}	Base-emitter voltage	V _{CE} = -3 V	1 _C = -3 A	(see Notes 5 and 6))			-2.5	٧

NOTES: 5. These parameters must be measured using pulse techniques, $t_p = 300 \mu s$, duty cycle $\leq 2\%$.

thermal characteristics

Ī		PARAMETER	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Ī	$R_{\theta JC}$	Junction to case thermal resistance			2.0	°C/W
Ī	$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction to free air thermal resistance			62.5	°C/W

^{6.} These parameters must be measured using voltage-sensing contacts, separate from the current carrying contacts.

COLLECTOR-EMITTER SATURATION VOLTAGE

vs

COLLECTOR CURRENT

TCS135AB

 $T_c = -40^{\circ}C$

T_c = 25°C

T_c = 100°C

-10

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

-2.0

TYPICAL DC CURRENT GAIN vs **COLLECTOR CURRENT** TCS135AD 50000 $T_c = -40^{\circ}C$ 25°C = 100°C h_{FE} - Typical DC Current Gain 000 000 -3 V = 300 µs, duty cycle < 2% 100 -10 -0.5 -1.0 I_c - Collector Current - A

V_{CE(sat)} - Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage - V -1.5 -1.0

= 300 μs, duty cycle < 2%

 $I_{\rm B} = I_{\rm C} / 100$

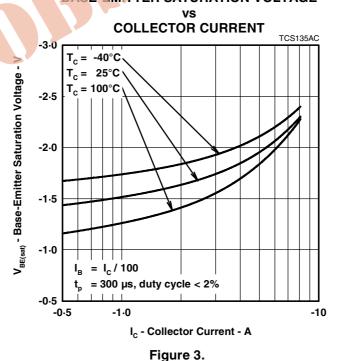
I_c - Collector Current - A Figure 2.

Figure 1.

BASE-EMITTER SATURATION VOLTAGE

-0.5

-0.5



PRODUCT INFORMATION

MAXIMUM SAFE OPERATING REGIONS

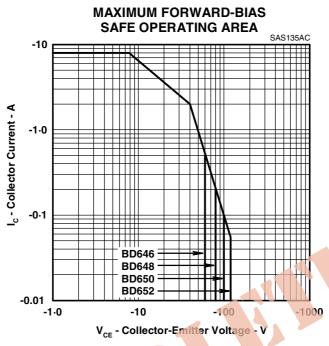


Figure 4

THERMAL INFORMATION

MAXIMUM POWER DISSIPATION

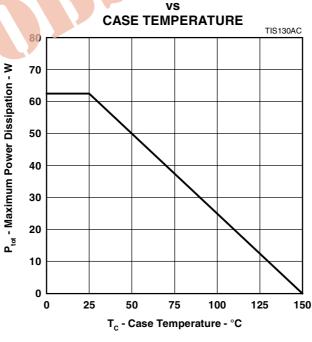


Figure 5.