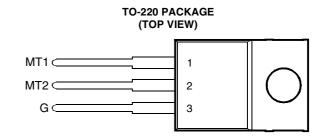
- Sensitive Gate Triacs
- 6 A RMS
- Glass Passivated Wafer
- 400 V to 800 V Off-State Voltage
- Max I_{GT} of 5 mA (Quadrants 1 3)



Pin 2 is in electrical contact with the mounting base.

MDC2ACA

absolute maximum ratings over operating case temperature (unless otherwise noted)

| RATING | | | VALUE | UNIT | |
|--|---------------------|------------------|-------|------|--|
| | TIC216D | | 400 | | |
| Panatitiva neek off state valtage (see Note 1) | TIC216M | | 600 | V | |
| Repetitive peak off-state voltage (see Note 1) | TIC216S | V _{DRM} | 700 | | |
| | | | 800 | | |
| Full-cycle RMS on-state current at (or below) 70°C case temperature (see Note 2) | I _{T(RMS)} | 6 | Α | | |
| Peak on-state surge current full-sine-waveat (or below) 25°C case temperature (see Note 3) | | | 60 | Α | |
| Peak gate current | I _{GM} | ±1 | Α | | |
| Peak gate power dissipation at (or below) 85°C case temperature (pulse width ≤ 20 | P_{GM} | 2.2 | W | | |
| Average gate power dissipation at (or below) 85°C case temperature (see Note 4) | | | 0.9 | W | |
| Operating case temperature range | T _C | -40 to +110 | °C | | |
| Storage temperature range | T _{stg} | -40 to +125 | °C | | |
| Lead temperature 1.6 mm from case for 10 seconds | | | 230 | °C | |

- NOTES: 1. These values apply bidirectionally for any value of resistance between the gate and Main Terminal 1.
 - 2. This value applies for 50-Hz full-sine-wave operation with resistive load. Above 70°C derate linearly to 110°C case temperature at the rate of 150 mA/°C.
 - 3. This value applies for one 50-Hz full-sine-wave when the device is operating at (or below) the rated value of on-state current. Surge may be repeated after the device has returned to original thermal equilibrium. During the surge, gate control may be lost.
 - 4. This value applies for a maximum averaging time of 20 ms.

electrical characteristics at 25°C case temperature (unless otherwise noted)

| | PARAMETER | TEST CONDITIONS | | | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNIT |
|------------------|-----------------------------------|--|---|--|-----|-----|---------------------|------|
| I _{DRM} | Repetitive peak off-state current | V_D = rated V_{DRM} | I _G = 0 | T _C = 110°C | | | ±2 | mA |
| I _{GT} | Gate trigger current | $\begin{aligned} &V_{supply} = +12 \text{ V}\dagger\\ &V_{supply} = +12 \text{ V}\dagger\\ &V_{supply} = -12 \text{ V}\dagger\\ &V_{supply} = -12 \text{ V}\dagger\end{aligned}$ | $R_{L} = 10 \Omega$ $R_{L} = 10 \Omega$ $R_{L} = 10 \Omega$ $R_{L} = 10 \Omega$ | $t_{p(g)} > 20 \mu s$ $t_{p(g)} > 20 \mu s$ $t_{p(g)} > 20 \mu s$ $t_{p(g)} > 20 \mu s$ | | | 5 -5 -5 10 | mA |

[†] All voltages are with respect to Main Terminal 1.



electrical characteristics at 25°C case temperature (unless otherwise noted) (continued)

| | PARAMETER | TEST CONDITIONS | | | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNIT |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------|---|---------------------------|----------------------------------|-----|-----|------|------|
| | | V _{supply} = +12 V† | $R_L = 10 \Omega$ | t _{p(g)} > 20 μs | | | 2.2 | |
| V _{GT} | Gate trigger | $V_{\text{supply}} = +12 \text{ V}^{\dagger}$ | $R_L = 10 \Omega$ | $t_{p(g)} > 20 \mu s$ | | | -2.2 | V |
| V GT | voltage | $V_{\text{supply}} = -12 \text{ V}\dagger$ | $R_L = 10 \Omega$ | $t_{p(g)} > 20 \mu s$ | | | -2.2 | v |
| | | $V_{\text{supply}} = -12 \text{ V}\dagger$ | $R_L = 10 \Omega$ | $t_{p(g)} > 20 \mu s$ | | | 3 | |
| V _T | On-state voltage | I _T = ±8.4 A | $I_G = 50 \text{ mA}$ | (see Note 5) | | | ±1.7 | V |
| 1 | Holding current | V _{supply} = +12 V† | I _G = 0 | Init' I _{TM} = 100 mA | | | 30 | mA |
| l _H | | $V_{\text{supply}} = -12 \text{ V}\dagger$ | $I_G = 0$ | Init' $I_{TM} = -100 \text{ mA}$ | | | -30 | ША |
| I _L Latching current | Latching current | $V_{\text{supply}} = +12 \text{ V}\dagger$ | (see Note 6) | | | 4 | | mA |
| | Laterling current | $V_{\text{supply}} = -12 \text{ V}\dagger$ | (300 14010 0) | | | -2 | | |
| dv/dt | Critical rate of rise of | V _{DRM} = Rated V _{DRM} | 1 0 | T _C = 110°C | | ±20 | | V/µs |
| uv/ut | off-state voltage | VDRM - Hated VDRM | i _G – 0 | 10 - 110 0 | | 120 | | ν/μ5 |
| dv/dt | Critical rise of | V - Pated V | I _{TRM} = ±8.4 A | T _C = 70°C | ±2 | ±5 | | V/µs |
| dv/dt _(c) | commutation voltage | VDRM - Hated VDRM | | 1 _C = 70 0 | ±2 | ±3 | | ν/μ5 |

[†] All voltages are with respect to Main Terminal 1.

thermal characteristics

| | PARAMETER | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNIT |
|-----------------|---|-----|-----|------|------|
| $R_{\theta JC}$ | Junction to case thermal resistance | | | 2.5 | °C/W |
| $R_{\theta JA}$ | Junction to free air thermal resistance | | | 62.5 | °C/W |
| | | | | | |

NOTES: 5. This parameter must be measured using pulse techniques, $t_p = \le 1$ ms, duty cycle ≤ 2 %. Voltage-sensing contacts separate from the current carrying contacts are located within 3.2 mm from the device body.

^{6.} The triacs are triggered by a 15-V (open-circuit amplitude) pulse supplied by a generator with the following characteristics: $R_G = 100 \ \Omega$, $t_{p(q)} = 20 \ \mu s$, $t_r = \le 15 \ ns$, $f = 1 \ kHz$.